sections 261 to 264 of this title, so much of the State of Idaho as lies south of the Salmon River, traversing the State from east to west near forty-five degree thirty minutes latitude, shall be embraced in the third zone: *Provided*, That common carriers within such portion of the State of Idaho may conduct their operations on Pacific time.

(Mar. 19, 1918, ch. 24, §3, as added Mar. 3, 1923, ch. 216, 42 Stat. 1434; amended June 24, 1948, ch. 631, §1, 62 Stat. 646.)

#### PRIOR PROVISIONS

The original section 3 of act Mar. 19, 1918, providing for daylight-savings, was repealed by act Aug. 20, 1919, ch. 51, 41 Stat. 280.

#### AMENDMENTS

 $1948\mathrm{-Act}$  June 24, 1948, inserted proviso relating to common carriers.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1948 AMENDMENT

Section 2 of act June 24, 1948, provided that: "This Act [amending this section] shall take effect at 2 o'clock antemeridian of the second Monday following the date of its enactment."

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in sections 260, 260a, 261, 262, 266 of this title.

# § 265. Transfer of certain territory to standard central-time zone

The Panhandle and Plains sections of Texas and Oklahoma are transferred to and placed within the United States standard central-time zone.

The Secretary of Transportation is authorized and directed to issue an order placing the western boundary line of the United States standard central-time zone insofar as the same affect Texas and Oklahoma as follows:

Beginning at a point where such western boundary time zone line crosses the State boundary line between Kansas and Oklahoma; thence westerly along said State boundary line to the northwest corner of the State of Oklahoma; thence in a southerly direction along the west State boundary line of Oklahoma and the west State boundary line of Texas to the southeastern corner of the State of New Mexico; thence in a westerly direction along the State boundary line between the States of Texas and New Mexico to the Rio Grande River; thence down the Rio Grande River as the boundary line between the United States and Mexico: Provided. That the Chicago, Rock Island and Gulf Railway Company and the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company may use Tucumcari, New Mexico, as the point at which they change from central to mountain time and vice versa; the Colorado Southern and Fort Worth and Denver City Railway Companies may use Sixela, New Mexico, as such changing point; the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company and other branches of the Santa Fe system may use Clovis, New Mexico, as such changing point, and those railways running into or through El Paso may use El Paso as such point: Provided further, That this section shall not, except as herein provided, interfere with the adjustment of time zones as established by the Secretary of Transportation.

(Mar. 4, 1921, ch. 173, §1, 41 Stat. 1446; Pub. L. 97–449, §2(c), Jan. 12, 1983, 96 Stat. 2439.)

#### AMENDMENTS

1983—Pub. L. 97-449 substituted "Secretary of Transportation" for "Interstate Commerce Commission".

#### REPEALS

Section 2 of act Mar. 4, 1921, repealed all conflicting laws and parts of laws.

TRANSFER OF EL PASO AND HUDSPETH COUNTIES, TEXAS, TO MOUNTAIN STANDARD TIME ZONE

Pub. L. 91-228. Apr. 10, 1970, 84 Stat. 119, provided: "That, notwithstanding the first section of the Act of March 4, 1921 (15 U.S.C. 265), the Secretary of Transportation may, upon the written request of the County Commissioners Court of El Paso County, Texas, change the boundary line between the central standard time zone and the mountain standard time zone, so as to place El Paso County in the mountain standard time zone, in the manner prescribed in section 1 of the Act of March 19, 1918, as amended (15 U.S.C. 261), and section 5 of the Act of April 13, 1966 (15 U.S.C. 266). In the same manner, the Secretary of Transportation may also place Hudspeth County, Texas, in the mountain standard time zone, if the Hudspeth County Commissioners Court so requests in writing and if El Paso County is to be placed in that time zone.'

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in sections 260, 260a, 266 of this title.

# § 266. Applicability of administrative procedure provisions

Subchapter II of chapter 5, and chapter 7, of title 5 shall apply to all proceedings under this Act, sections 261 to 264 of this title, and section 265 of this title.

(Pub. L. 89-387, §5, Apr. 13, 1966, 80 Stat. 108.)

## REFERENCES IN TEXT

This Act, referred to in text, is Pub. L. 89–387, Apr. 13, 1966, 80 Stat. 107, as amended, known as the "Uniform Time Act of 1966". For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 260 of this title and Tables.

## CODIFICATION

"Subchapter II of chapter 5, and chapter 7, of title 5" substituted in text for "The Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 1001–1011)" on authority of Pub. L. 89-554, \$7(b), Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 631, the first section of which enacted Title 5, Government Organization and Employees.

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in section 267 of this title.

# § 267. "State" defined

As used in this Act, the term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, or any possession of the United States.

(Pub. L. 89–387, §7, Apr. 13, 1966, 80 Stat. 109; Pub. L. 106–564, §1(c), Dec. 23, 2000, 114 Stat. 2811.)

# REFERENCES IN TEXT

This Act, referred to in text, is Pub. L. 89–387, Apr. 13, 1966, 80 Stat. 107, known as the "Uniform Time Act of

1966". For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 260 of this title and Tables.

#### AMENDMENTS

2000—Pub. L. 106–564 inserted "Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands," after "Puerto

SECTION REFERRED TO IN OTHER SECTIONS

This section is referred to in section 266 of this title.

## CHAPTER 7—NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF STANDARDS AND TECHNOLOGY

Sec. 271. Findings and purposes. 272.Establishment, functions, and activities. (a) Establishment of National Institute of Standards and Technology. (b) Functions of Secretary and Institute. (c) Implementation activities. (d) Management costs. 272a. Technology services. 272b. Annual budget submission. 273. Functions; for whom exercised. 274. Director; powers and duties; report; compensation. 275. Appointment of officers and employees. 275a. Service charges. Charges for activities performed for other 275b. agencies. 275c. Cost recovery authority. 276. Ownership of facilities. 277. Regulations. 278. Visiting Committee on Advanced Technology. (a) Establishment; appointment; membership and composition; review and recommendations. (b) Qualifications; recommendations for appointment. (c) Terms of office; eligibility. (d) Meetings: quorum: notice. (e) Appointment by Committee of executive and other committees. (f) Chairman; Vice Chairman. (g) Professional and clerical staff. (h) Annual and other reports to Secretary and Congress. 278a. Repealed. 278b. Working Capital Fund. (a) Utilization. (b) Availability of Fund. (c) Reimbursements. (d) Credits. (e) "Cost" defined. (f) Distribution of earnings; restoration of prior impairment. 278c. Acquisition of land for field sites. Construction and improvement of buildings 278d. and facilities. Functions and activities. 278e. 278f. Fire Research Center. (a) Establishment; programs of research;

> tion of information. (b) Authorization of appropriations.

International activities.

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(a) Financial assistance to foreign nationals.

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- (b) Foreign assistance and compensation to Institute employees.
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- (d) Recruitment and employment of resident aliens.
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- (b) Areas of focus.
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- (a) In general.
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- 278g-4.Information Security and Privacy Advisory Board.
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  - (e) Allowance for travel expenses.
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- (a) Establishment.
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- 278h. systems.
  - (a) Establishment.
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278i Reports to Congress.

278j. Studies by National Research Council. 278k

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- (a) Creation and support of Centers; affiliations; merit review in determining awards; objectives.
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Assistance to State technology programs.

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- (a) Establishment; purpose; focus; guid-
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